THE DAILY SENTINEL.

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☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

# DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1866 NO. 147.

## REPORT OF THE COMMISSION,

Appointed by Gov. Holden, under an Ordinance of the Convention, to prepare a Code for the Freedmen of this State.

(CONCLUDED.)

The committee will proceed to give some of the reasons which have induced them to recommend the reception of the evidence of negroes, as provided in section 11.

*First. The present helpless and unprotected condition of the race demands it.* Their condition of personal security is greatly changed. Prior to emancipation, they were grouped on farms which they seldom left, and were overlooked by their masters or overseers, surrounded by families of white children.

They were not watched by the whites to preserve the discipline necessary for servitude, and to prevent spoliations, but were cared for and protected as property. It was the slaveholder's interest to prevent, and, when committed, to punish any injuries done to the persons of their slaves. The interest of one slaveholder was the interest of all; so that their security was guaranteed by the common interest of the wealthiest and most powerful men in the country, and, of course, of all their kindred and adherents, among whom, generally, were their poorer white neighbors. Thus the person of the slave (without reckoning the feelings of humanity which have generally characterized the slaveholders of this State) became the subject of general protection by every class of white men, and any outrage on his person a general cause for common vindication. With this shield for security, the white aggressor was checked in his violence; and, if not, his detection was almost sure. These sources of personal security are all removed by emancipation, and, without the capacity to bear evidence, he stands, in numerous cases, utterly defenceless, except by opposing force to force against every species of outrage offered to himself or to his family, whether in his presence alone, or under the eye of other colored persons. If he should submit to the violence, and suffer the most grievous wrongs, there is no one who can be heard in his behalf; and he could expect, from his submission, nothing less than a repetition of his unredressed wrongs.

If he should oppose force to force, in the justest cause, whatever might be the result, his mouth and the mouths of all colored witnesses would be closed.

It is a truth not less obvious than established by all experience, that breaches of the peace always decrease in proportion to the facility and impartiality with which the violater is brought to justice. Citizens will not readily avenge themselves when the sword of the law is at hand to do it for them. But when the law is powerless, from whatever cause, the hand of private violence will be sure to come to the aid of self-defence. It is, therefore, clear that by protecting the person of the negro, we shall most certainly protect the person of the white man. If the former may be outraged in his domicil, or in secret places, or along the highway in open day, with impunity, because he may be incompetent to testify to the wrong, he will turn from the door of the courthouse and seek his redress elsewhere, and in a way too that will likewise shut the mouth of him who may witness the fact. Let no one suppose such a result improbable, if the great and just lawgiver of the Jews has himself set the example to an enslaved people.

*Secondly. The admission of such evidence is necessary to secure the colored people in their property.*

While in slavery they had no property. What was set apart for their use belonged to their master, and was under his protection. In their new state they enter on the broad ground of citizenship, and become actors in all the departments of social life. They are allowed to trade with the white man in every article of property; to possess and cultivate lands, and, by all wise means, should be encouraged to habits of industry and a desire for honest acquisition.

The protection of a man's honest gains should ever be, after the protection of his person, the next great policy of a wise commonwealth. If the property which a negro shall own, his cattle, his money, may all be carried off, yea, his very house robbed of its furniture, and his person of his valuables by abandoned white men, and he shall be unable to bring the robbers to justice because the witnesses are colored, can the race feel any ardent disposition to labor for themselves? On the contrary, will they not feel doubly tempted by such want of security for their own property, to become depredators themselves especially, when they reflect that it is the white man's policy, which thus exposes them to licentious white men?

But, besides such glaring cases of public wrongs which would go unredressed by excluding their evidence, there are many of a more private nature, which depraved white men would perpetrate on them or procure to be done by their negro associates, as their instruments. Already the wicked white man and corrupt dependent negro have banded together in lawless thefts and frauds on industrious and peaceful citizens, both white and black; and the white associate, if negro evidence shall be excluded, will stand secure in his villiany behind his colored friend.

The calamity to public virtue and private rights will be incalculable, if those who were injured could not testify against the perpetrator of the crime. How shocked would every citizen of North Carolina feel, if the Legislature should enact that no person assaulted and beaten, no one whose property was stolen, and no one ravished, should bear evidence of the crime? The exclusion of negro evidence places that race in just such a condition.

The committee are of opinion that the protection of person and property imperiously demands that the evidence of colored persons be admitted for that purpose, unless it should be excluded upon some ground of public policy still higher than such as favors its introduction. We have heard but one that is plausible, and that is the *general falsity of such evidence.* No one pretends that it is *universally false.* It is urged, however, that, for the greater part, the evidence is not reliable, and, if universally believed, would produce far more wrong than right.

We are fully aware of the prevalence of this vice among the race. It is a natural offspring of their recent slavery and degradation.

Forced to an involuntary servitude, and required to do many things against their will, without any apparent profit to themselves, it was natural for them to disobey, if they found temporary ease in disobedience; and, to avoid correction, it was equally natural for them to endeavor to escape it by falsehood. The vice of lying, is and ever has been, common to all people in slavery. Universal and unvarying truth is the highest and purest of all virtues; and if the most veracious persons only were competent witnesses, there would be many cases of the highest interest to the public without a single witness. Such a rule, however, has never marked the policy of justice in its investigation of facts.

It has been said that in a by-gone age, the rules of evidence with us were framed rather to exclude falsehood than to admit truth; but even when these rules were administered in this spirit, all persons above seven years old, of sufficient understanding, not religiously insensible to the obligations of an oath, nor parties directly interested in the cause, were competent witnesses, unless they had been rendered infamous by conviction of some infamous crime, and judgment rendered thereon. These were English rules of the common law; and, so long as they prevailed, there was no nation on the earth whose inhabitants were excluded as witnesses from English courts. It mattered not what was their color, clime or religion. It is probable that at a very early period, after the introduction of African slavery in this State, the slave was forbidden to testify against a white person, and, it is probable also that the exclusion was soon extended to free persons of color. Slaves were not allowed to bear testimony against free persons of color until 1821.

The policy of excluding such testimony was founded on two considerations. First, The entire and absolute dependence of a slave on his master, and their social relation which rendered him unfit to bear witness for or against his master; or for or against any person to whom his master extended his favor or dislike. Besides this, the settled policy was to humble the slave and extinguish in him the pride of independence. This latter policy was extended in 1821, to the free negro, who, it was alleged, was greatly corrupting the slave by claiming superior privileges over him.

Emancipation having destroyed the distinction, all legislation concerning the colored race, must be the same.

The rules regulating the admissibility of the evidence of white persons, with a few exceptions, remain with us as they were a century since. But all at once the slave has disappeared, and upwards of 300,000 free persons of color are added to the population; these, with those before existing, constitute one-third of our entire people. Shall they be admitted to the witness stand? If it ever was, it is certainly not now, our policy to degrade them. On the contrary, our true policy is to elevate them in every way consistent with the safety and good government of the community. They must be educated out of their ignorance, and reformed out of their vicious habits.

If the admission of their evidence will not seriously endanger the administration of our laws, our manifest policy is to allow it, for nothing, in our opinion, tends more to inculcate a regard for truth than the almost unavoidable detection of falsehood, which occurs in judicial investigations before a jury, where the parties and witnesses are known, and their manner and conduct are scrutinized in the ordeal of trial.

If it be true that either the negro race, or the negro in our midst, civilized as he is beyond his native condition, be so mendacious that he cannot be safely heard in our court of justice, it seems to us that it is one of your highest duties to exclude them as witnesses in all cases whatsoever, as well as those in which they are the sole parties, as those wherein one of the parties is a white man; and, above all things, not to allow persons of color to be convicted of capital felonies and deprived of life, on such unreliable evidence. If, to this suggestion, it may be truly replied, that he can be trusted when his own color is on trial, then it follows that he yet loves truth better than falsehood, unless he is seduced by his prejudices against the white man. Now, if this be so, this general characteristic of the race will soon develope itself, and thenceforth receive its just estimate at the hands of a white judge and a white jury. It is just to truth, however, for us to admit that neither during the wonderful and enduring conflict of arms, popularly announced, in their very midst, to be in behalf of their freedom, they did not exhibit, nor since its termination have they exhibited any decided marks of prejudice against their late masters.

It must be conceded by the opponents of such evidence, that if strong prejudices be sufficient to exclude the testimony of witnesses, all experience teaches that public prosecutors, near kindred, and personal enemies to be set aside as incompetent; and, if general corruption be also sufficient cause for exclusion, the man whose character for truth on oath, is proved by all his acquaintances to be bad, ought no more to be heard in the ascertainment of facts, than a negro. Yet in all these cases the witness is heard, subject to so many "grains of allowance" on account of his established and admitted infirmity, as a jury may judge to be the proper measure. It is settled by our highest judicial tribunal, that the testimony of a witness who commits a perjury, apparent to the jury in the very case in which he is examined, must, nevertheless be weighed by the jury for what it is worth.

By the laws of all civilized Europe, regulating the competency of witnesses, none are excluded by reason of character, race, color, or religion. We, ourselves, admit the semi-barbarian of every continent and island; of every nation and tongue; of every religion, christian, heathen and pagan; and of every color and race, unless he may fall under the ethnological varieties of the human species, denominated *Negroes* and *Indians.*

We are not prepared to admit, nor indeed do we believe, that the colored man in North-Carolina is entitled to less *Christian* oath, than the colored Mussleman, or heathen of Asia, or Egypt, or of other parts of Africa, is when sworn on his *Koran* or other *symbols* of religious reverence. And when we consider the many thousands in the State, who are in full fellowship as christians, though we are quite sensible of the general demoralization which pervades them as a class, we feel little dread for the consequences which may attend the admissibility of their evidence as reported.

In offering our reasons for allowing the evidence, we have conceded the general demoralization of the colored population: but we should do great injustice to many of them, if we should close this report, without excepting from the stigma hundreds, who, throughout their lives, have conducted themselves in a manner altogether becoming the best of citizens, and deserving the highest praise. These are lights, indeed to all others; and the consideration of respect in which they are held, ought to stimulate and encourage others of their race to practice the virtues of honesty and truth, which have served to distinguish the few.

The committee hitherto have argued that, if the proposed evidence be admitted, subject to the rules long established among us, and derived from our English ancestors, the administration of justice will have little to apprehend from the depravity or prejudice of the witness. In proof of this, they beg leave to invoke the attention of your honorable body in the recent experiments on those rules, made in England, and in many of the United States. They will specially notice only those made in England within the last twenty-two years.

Up to the year 1845, like rules, for the most part, prevailed in this State and in England.—In that year a great innovation was made by statute 6 & 7 Vict. removing many disqualifications, because of interest in the witness. So beneficial to the ascertainment of truth (contrary to all previous theory) did this experiment prove, that, in 1852, the Parliament (St. 15 & 16 Vict.) took another and a very long step in the same direction, and allowed each party not only to put the other, but even himself, on the witness stand against his adversary. A proposition of this kind, made forty years ago in this country, would have been regarded as the vision of a disordered intellect; yet the daily practice under this law, has so illustrated its benefits that it is regarded as the most successful means towards perfecting the administration of justice in that country; a country which has no superior, it indeed, any equal on the globe, in ever exhibiting the most intelligent and careful solicitude to provide for the rights of person and property of every subject within its vast domains.

Respectfully submitted,

B. F. MOORE,
W. S. MASON,
R. S. DONNELL.

DR. J. E. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C.
J. C. F. UCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

**Faucette & Bro.,**

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
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The Agent has been pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use, and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

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Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other or pretensions which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no other. The sick want the best and those who have tried them and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., and sold by

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June 27, 1865 1m.

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There is no publication of this character now issued South of New York City, and the closing of the war has left a large portion of the people of the country with no literary representative.

The COSMOPOLITE will be devoted to

**Literature, Art, Reviews, Scientific Papers and General Reading,**

and we shall number among its contributors some of the first literary men of the South, with others from the North and from London and Paris.

All matter not original will be carefully selected from the newest and best of the English, French and German publications; and its Editors will spare no effort or expense to make it rank with the VERY FIRST magazines of the country.

As its name imports, we have established the COSMOPOLITE upon no sectional basis. We hope to make it the organ of general literature alone; and will be uninfluenced by any party or clique whatever.

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| Single Copies, for one year, | $4 00 |
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☞ Liberal deductions will be made to booksellers and newsdealers.

☞ Newspapers publishing this prospectus and sending a marked copy to the undersigned, will receive a copy of the magazine. Address

DE LEON & CO.,
P. O. Box 266, Baltimore, Md.

Jan. 18, 135, tf.

**PROSPECTUS.**

THE publication of the
**The North Carolina Presbyterian**
will be resumed in Fayetteville, on Wednesday, the 2nd of January next.

Confidently relying on the hearty support which we have heretofore received, we shall endeavor to render the paper more attractive, both in appearance and matter, than it has ever been, sparing neither pains or expense in the accomplishment of this purpose.

With the passing away of old things, a new spirit of activity, energy and enterprise, has been infused into every department of secular thought and business. Why should not the Church, also, partake of the progressive advancement? Why should she, of all the agencies brought to bear with such tremendous force upon the civilization of the present time, be inefficient, laggard and almost hopeless in the working out of her own destiny?

To arouse the church to the importance and necessity of work; of unceasing, restless, tireless energy in the service of her Master and Head; this shall be our first and chiefest aim. In this we need assistance. We are not alone sufficient for these things. Our brethren must help us in every way; by contributions from their own stores of thought and study; by zealous co-operation in a common cause, for the benefit of all: by extending our circular all throughout all our borders, and thus giving us the means and the opportunity to perform well the work to which we have consecrated all that we have, and all we hope for on earth.

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Address B. FULLER,
Editor of the N. C. Presbyterian.
Jan 18, 135 tf

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Have always in store, and are receiving constantly, consignments for sale at lowest market rates, of

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AGENTS FOR
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300 Hhds New Cuba Molasses, direct from Cardenas, daily expected.
To arrive during February or March:—
2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.
200 Hhds Sugar direct from Porto Rico.
Jan. 4—3m

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We solicit consignments of Cotton, Cotton Cloth, Cotton Yarns, and all kinds of merchandize and Country Produce.

All business entrusted to our care, shall command our prompt attention.

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Raleigh, January 8 1866—1m.

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☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

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October 28, 1865-69 tf.

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**SHIPPING MERCHANT,**
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CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping, respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.

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**SKIRTS.**

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They will not bend or break like the *single spring* but will always preserve their *perfect* and *beautiful shape*, in all

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**For Promenade or House Dress,**

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Enquire for

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Jan 9, 1-7 3ms

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OR
**BONE MANURE.**

WARRANTED GENUINE.

BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL and in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufactured, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although our sales are at half the price.

Messrs. B. H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime for four years. It has given entire satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully accede to the request for the use of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon acquiring an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination, we believe this Phosphate has been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing.

"Very respectfully,
"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, ESQ.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime lot with me. This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon its manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success.

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

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| Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid. | 10.28 7.45. |
| Of Bi Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid. | 6.10 3.70. |
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| Of Animal Coal and Sand. | 5.00 |
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| Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water. | 4.36. |
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**700 Barrels now in Store,**

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Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 1 136-3m.

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CARGO OF 275 TONS HAMPSHIRE COAL DAily expected from Baltimore.

This coal is bituminous, and perhaps the best coal known for steam purposes whether for locomotive or steamboats. It is used almost exclusively by Northern railroad companies and the Cunard Steamers. It is also represented as the best blacksmith's coal in the country and is very extensively used in iron works for forging, etc. It is soft and friable, the fine coal being as good for use as the lump.

The attention of railroad companies, iron work and machine shops, is particularly invited to the importance of a trial of this coal.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for the Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Company, will be prepared to furnish any quantity required, at a reasonable price.

Orders respectfully solicited

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Wilmington, January 16-135-1m.

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Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

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GENERAL
Commission Merchants.
**36 New Street, New York.**

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.

Our arrangements are such will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance, unless otherwise directed.

We have made no arrangements with Mr. D. W. Harris, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all trade sent us from that State. We therefore particularly request that our friends in that State will now address us as above, and not as heretofore.

Jan 9, 1-7 3ms

**Important Sale.**

WILL be sold at public sale, in four miles of Weldon, N. C., on the 2nd of January all the stock, cattle, hogs, &c., of the Assam estate including 400 to 12, 00 pounds of new Bacon and 100 barrels of Corn.

Halifax County, Jan. 25, 141, 6ds pd.

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RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17 b, 1865 61 3m.

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| Chas. B. Mallett, Esq., | Fayetteville. |
| Geo. W. Williams & Co., | Fayette ville. |
| Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., | Greensboro. |
| James Sloan, Esq., | Greensboro. |
| Thomas R. Tate, Esq., | Charlotte. |
| R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank, | Baltimore. |

October 7 65-1y.

**JOHN F. FOARD,**
COMMISSION, ACCEPTION AND FORWARDING
*MERCHANT,*
AND AGENT FOR
Selling or Leasing Real Estate,
NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF
NEWBERN, N. C.

REFERENCES

A. T. Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, New Bern; E. W. Hawkins, late Pres't of R. & G. R. R.; John N. Boyden, Pres't of N. C. R. R., Salisbury; Colin Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S. C. R. R., Charlotte; Hon. J. M. Morehead, Greensboro; Rev. Dr. Deems, Raleigh and Rev. W. E. Pond, Editor of Sentinel, Raleigh.

Oct 18 '65 6m.

**THOS. BRANCH & SONS,**
Seventeen Street, Petersburg.
**THOS. BRANCH & CO.,**
49 Main Street, Richmond.
**BRANCH, SONS & CO.,**
Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchange, State, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Securities.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold Standard Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old uncurrent notes to the Banks. Dec 7 99 1m.

**COPARTNERSHIP.**

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

**Whitford, Dill & Co.,**

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

**Commission Business,**

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandize and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murray's North Carolina Semi-Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own resources with the ampliest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route and a tri-weekly line of steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

Newbern, Nov. 9, 1865 9-6 6m.

**FINLEY HIGH SCHOOL.**

LENOIR, N. C.

THE exercises of this Institution were resumed on Monday, the 8th inst. Good board may be obtained in the village at reasonable rates. For further particulars address

E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal.

Jan 20, 147, 1m, 8t, pd.

# THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES, } Editors.

**Thursday, February 1, 1866.**


### OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

| | |
|---|---|
| For Daily, per year, | $10 0 |
| " six months, | 5 00 |
| " one month | 1 00 |
| " two months | 2 00 |
| Semi-Weekly per year, | 5 00 |
| Weekly per year, | 3 00 |

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

### Political Parties.

In all countries where the people have a voice in public affairs, differences of opinion will exist, and these differences necessarily create parties opposed to the measures or principles of each other. Where all are equally patriotic and equally interested in the permanency and prosperity of the government, but little danger need be apprehended, when the two or more parties in which the people may be divided, are nearly equal in influence and numbers. It is only when one party so far exceeds the other in strength and influence, that the minor no longer operates as a check upon the other, that national corruption and consequent injury follow. Republics governed by numerical majorities, even when restrained by a written constitution, are peculiarly liable to this result, as the history of this nation most clearly demonstrates.

The present anomalous condition of the Southern States, is wholly unfavorable to a division of parties. National politics, which usually give form and consistency to political parties, cannot with any show of reason or propriety, divide the people of the South. And the smaller matters of State polity in our present condition, are too few and too narrow in their scope, to form platforms for a marked and radical division of sentiment.

If there be those among us, who are calculating upon the early formation of political parties, looking to a natural and safe coalescence with either of the Northern political parties, such calculations are so manifestly premature, that it would seem no shrewd man would, for a moment entertain the idea.

We take it for granted, that every Southern man, however unselfish, or how much soever he may be devoted to the Union, must, of necessity, feel a special concern for his own welfare and the welfare of his section and people. Formerly, the South held in her own hands the balance of power in the government, and hence was always the object of courtship by the two great parties of the North. Denuded, as she will be, of much of her strength in any event, on her full restoration to the Union, she will, nevertheless, not be so utterly contemptible, that n ither party will desire coalition with her. However weak or infirm, neither of the two great parties North will despise her. This fact has been all along perfectly manifest, in the policy which controls the two great Northern parties at present. The Republican party, seeing that the Democratic party has the vantage ground in its principles and professions to affiliation with the South, is now putting the future peace and prosperity of the South in utter jeopardy, for no other object, which, at least, can be seen, by the effort either to force upon us negro suffrage, by which it imagines its own strength will be promoted, or if that fail, to so reduce our representative strength, as to render the South of as little weight as possible, in the event of its affiliation with the Democratic party. Indeed, it is, perhaps, easy of demonstration, that the irritation and bitter hostility still manifested by the Northern radicals, is the manifestation of Democratic leanings on the part of the South, or which, in their estimation, amounts to the same thing, the universal acquiescence of the South in the policy of President Johnson.

Such being the case, it is manifestly unwise for the South to indicate otherwise, than by its general support of President Johnson's policy' its future party predilections. One thing is certain, in all future combinations of the South, she must look to her own greatest permanent good, and she must cast her lot with those of the North from whom she can calculate with the utmost certainty, to receive the largest benefit.—Her own interests are too dear to place her destiny in the scale with any party, whose object is simply to rule the country and enjoy the spoils.

The only safe course, therefore, is to adhere strictly to the course and policy of President Johnson. It was a noble sentiment he uttered recently, to a delegation who called upon him. "If you approach me as partizans, gentlemen, I have no word of welcome for you, but if you come as patriots who look only to the good of the country in this trying crisis, I hail you as co-laborers." We quote from memory his sentiments, not his language. These should be the sentiments of every true Southerner. We should say to the North, "come not to us as Republicans or Democrats—are you our friends for weal or woe, forever? Will you stand by us and by the Constitution—by justice and right and good brotherhood—if so, give us your hand. But until our destiny is fixed—until our *status* is settled, we shall simply stand by the Union and by President Johnson."

### Virginia Legislature and Gen. Terry.

The Legislature of Virginia recently passed a vagrant law. Gen. Terry, commanding that Department, has issued an order forbidding the application of the law to colored persons. Our Virginia exchanges are a good deal exercised at this. We presume, until that State is declared at peace with the United States and in the Union, and the military and Freedmen's Bureau are removed, Gen. Terry's order will stand.

Ex-Senator Toombs is in Havana, and has plenty of spondulics—so the letter writers say.

### Gen. Ruger's Order.

It appears that, at a government sale, a few days ago, when a certain piece of property was put up, a gentleman, who claimed the ownership, forbade the sale. This interrupted the sale, and the party was arrested. To prevent a similar occurrence, the following order has been issued:

HEADQ'RS DEPT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 29th, 1866.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 8.

It having been reported that some persons, owning land on which buildings were erected by the rebel authorities for hospital and other purposes, make claim for such buildings, and also threats of suits against purchasers of such buildings at the sales of the same by the government, all concerned are informed that such buildings will be sold and the purchasers will be protected from suit in the civil courts. Any person interfering in any manner with such sales will be arrested and brought to trial for the offence.

By command of Brevet Maj. Gen. Ruger:
J. A. CAMPBELL.
Assistant Adjutant General.

### The Oil Mania.

Northwestern Virginia, and other States in that direction, are doing wonders in the discovery of oil wells and its manufacture. Immense fortunes are being made by the oil mania. Has any trial been made in this State? Will not the Deep River region yield petroleum? We should like to see some efforts made in this direction. North Carolina needs the cash which the discovery of oil wells in the State would bring to it. We learn that Parkersburg, in Virginia, has almost become a city from the influence of the oil business in the last two years. Two thousand buildings went up in that place last year.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

### SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 31.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Wiggins, from the Committee on Finance to whom was referred the bill making provision for the payment of interest on State bond's reported that they had considered the same and recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Garner, from the Committee on Public Buildings, submitted a resolution making an appropriation, not to exceed one hundred dollars for the improvement of the Capitol Square. Read first time.

Mr. Bynum, from the Committee on Finance reported back the bill directing that coupons of bonds of the State be taken in payment of taxes, recommending that it do not pass.

The list of magistrates for the county of Burke, having been acquiesed in by the parties concerned, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Morehead, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back the bill in relation to constables, and other officers, with a recommendation that it do pass.

Mr. Winstead, from the Committee on Proposition and Grievances, to whom was referred the bill to amend Chapter 101, sec. 30th, of the Revised Code, entitled Roads, Bridges and Ferries, reported back the same, recommending that it do pass.

Mr. Jones, of Columbus, from the joint select committee to whom was referred a resolution to inquire who are the real owners, and with what fund the Peidmont Rail Road was built, reported that the road was built and owned by the Richmond and Danville Rail Road, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject. Discharged accordingly.

Mr. Ferebee, stated that it was due to the Senator from Martin and Washington, Mr. Latham, to state that he had been unavoidably detained from his seat by sickness in his family.

The bill for the relief of landlords, on its third reading, was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

The bill to amend the charter of the Peidmont Rail Road, was read a second time. The question being on its passage, Mr. Jones of Columbus, demanded the ayes & nays.

The roll was called, and the Senators voted as follows:

AYES.—Messrs. Berry, Black, Bogle, Boner, Boyd, Bullock, Bynum, Covington, Coward, Cowles, Cowper, Donoho, Eure, Ferebee, Garner, Gash, Gorrel, Howard, Isbell, Keener, Leach, McEachern, McKoy, McLean, Morehead, Morgan, Sanders, Shober, Taylor, Wiggins, Wilson, Winstead.—33.

NAYES.—Arendell, Aycock, Hall, Harris, of Franklin, Harris, of Rutherford. Jones, of Columbus, Jones of Wake, Leitch, of Robeson, McCleese, Pitchford.—10.

On motion of Mr. Leach the rules were suspended and the bill passed its final reading.

Mr. McLean arose to a question of privilege and said,

MR. SPEAKER:—With the consent of the Senate, I will make a statement personal to myself. I see in the *Standard* of yesterday, a newspaper published in this city, a communication over the names of A. G. Thornton and J. R. Lee, which is calculated to do me very great injustice, intimating that in moving a few days ago, to strike out the names of these persons from the list of magistrates for Cumberland county, I had done so of my own will, thereby stifling the will of the people of that county, as expressed by their immediate representatives in the House of Commons.

Such, Mr. Speaker and Senators, is not the truth. For the satisfaction of the Senate, and for the vindication of my reputation, I will state the facts as they were. A list of names was presented to the House of Commons by Messrs. Shaw and Smith, the Commoners from Cumberland, as fit persons to be recommended as magistrates for that county. In this list the names of A. G. Thornton and J. R. Lee were not embraced. Mr. McKay, Commoner from Harnett, moved to add several names to the list for Cumberland, among which were the names of A. G. Thornton and J. R. Lee. A discussion upon the subject ensued between Mr. Smith of Cumberland, and Mr. McKay of Harnett. The House of Commons recommended the additional names offered by Mr. McKay.

On the next day, Mr. Smith of Cumberland, came into the Senate chamber and requested me to move to strike out from the list of magistrates, from Cumberland, all the names added by the House of Commons, at the instance of Mr. McKay of Harnett. I consented to do so, delicate as I knew the duty to be. After Mr. Smith of Cumberland, had retired from the Senate, I learned some facts which indelibly impressed my mind that the proposed move in the Senate might be improper. Impressed as I was, that the move I was requested to make in the Senate, aside from the delicacy of doing it, apprehended as it doubtless would be, as a political move and interference on my part, might and probably would operate injuriously to the best interests of the people of Fayetteville, I followed Mr. Smith into the House of Commons to ask the liberty of not doing what had been requested at my hands. The result of the conference with Messrs. Shaw and Smith, was, that I should strike out the names of A. G. Thornton and J. R. Lee alone, and to insert the names of J. C. Poe and H. McMillian. I came to the Senate chamber and did as I was asked to do, not thereby stifling or thwarting the will of the people of that county, as has been intimated, but on the contrary, respecting and reflecting that will, as expressed in the House of Commons by their immediate representatives. I am done with this matter. In saying what I have done, I have said it as a matter of simple justice to myself. I thank the Senate for their kind indulgence.

Mr. Leach asked permission to say, in regard to Messrs. Thornton and Lee, that they were gentlemen of high respectability and influence, that he was authorized to say this much from gentlemen of high standing and influence who resided in Fayetteville, and who had written to him, expressing surprise and regret that those names had been stricken from the list as it came from the House of Commons. He held in his hand a record of the vote for commissioners in Fayetteville at the recent election, and both Mr. Thornton and Mr. Lee have been elected, the former receiving the highest vote of any commissioner,—there endorsed by those who knew him best. He added he was indisposed to make any motion or further move in the matter unless a petition came up from Fayetteville.

A message was received from the House transmitting Senate bill, authorizing the Public Treasurer to sell public property, which was agreed to.

Also, a Senate bill for the relief of such persons, as may suffer from the burning of public records with an amendment to extend five years.

Also a Senate bill to continue in office, clerks and Masters with amendments, providing that it do not apply to clerks appointed by Circuit Judges. Agreed to.

The bill to incorporate the Weldon Enterprise Loan Company, pasaed its third reading.

The bill, to prevent obstacles to fish coming up the waters of Catawba river, was a second time referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The bill legalizing the election of Mayor and Commissioners for the town of Morganton; to incorporate the town of Company Shops, and to incorporate Porters' Gold Mining Company, passed their second reading.

On motion of Mr. McLean, the bill to amend the charter of the town of Fayetteville, was taken up, and passed second reading, and, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and read the third time and passed.

A message was sent to the House proposing to go forthwith into the election of two additional trustees of the University of North Carolina.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 31, 1866.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Byrd.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Coates presented the petition of one Benjamin Matthews, of Johnston County, relative to removal from petitioner's land, by agents of the State, of a bed of rosin, irrespective of his right and interest in said property; prays that some measures be taken to investigate the matter and relieve him of the grievance, etc. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Sundry reports were made from standing committees, which will come up for future action.

Mr. Kenan, from the committee that superintended on yesterday, the election of Trustees of the University, reported: Whole number of votes cast 141. Necessary to a choice 71. Mr. Cameron received 86 votes, Mr. Gales 77, Mr. Ferebee 73. No other elections.

Mr. Caldwell introduced a bill to authorize the exchange of the stocks held by the State of North Carolina in certain Rail Roads and Canals for bonds of the State, or the interest thereon now due, and for other purposes. Ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Finance.

ON CALENDAR.

The following resolutions, reported from the Judiciary Committee, passed their several readings under a suspension of the rules.

*Resolved*, That the Attorney General of the State make inquiry into the complaint of the boat-owners and merchants of Wilmington; and in case it be found that the Company complained of, has no authority to impose the tolls in question, either by reason of a want of power from the charter, or in consequence of a forfeiture of such power for any cause; that the Attorney General be further instructed to file a bill or information, in the nature of a *quo warranto*, or other proper process, to declare a forfeiture of its franchises.

*Resolved*, That the Attorney General may institute proceedings, either in the Supreme Court of the State, or direct them to be instituted in the Superior Court of New Hanover, at his option; and in the latter case, the Solicitor for that circuit is instructed to prosecute the same. In either alternative, the result is to be reported to the Governor.

A bill to legalize the official acts of Justices of the Peace in the county of Johnston, was laid on the table on second reading.

A bill to authorize the collection of unpaid taxes in the county of Pasquotank, was rejected on 2nd reading.

A bill to authorize the Public Treasurer to collect and sell certain property belonging to the State, passed its second and third reading, the amendments proposed by the committee of finance having first been adopted.

A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the destruction of records and other papers in the several counties of this State, was amended, and then passed its second and third readings under a suspension of the rules.

An engrossed bill to continue in office Clerks and Masters in Equity until their successors are appointed, was amended, and passed its second and third readings.

Mr. Smith, of Hertford, by leave, introduced a resolution authorizing the Governor to appoint commissioners to examine into the condition of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.—Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

SPECIAL ORDER.

At eleven o'clock, A. M., the House again resolved itself into Committee of the whole upon the code prepared for the government of the freedmen.

Mr. Rayner was again called to the chair, and the committee proceeded to further consideration of the "bill in relation to negroes, Indians, and persons of color or mixed blood."

Of the 6th and 7th sections (relating chiefly to marriages between persons formerly slaves,) Mr. Phillips thought they required material amendment. He had not prepared any amendment embodying his views, for lack of time, and if no other member of the committee had prepared one, he should ask permission to do so hereafter. He said (substantially,) that the commission who had drawn the bill, seemed to distinguish between persons formerly slaves, who had cohabited as husband and wife, under the form or color of marriage rites solemnized by clergymen or Justices of the Peace, and those who had so cohabited without such sanction. In his view the latter was as valid a marriage in law, as the former. Both were null *ab initio*. And the offspring of such cohabitation was as much entitled to legitimation in the one case as the other. [Mr. P. stated in the outset in justice to the Public Printer, that he had been informed, that the bill which he had characterized on yesterday as misprinted—had been printed under the supervision of a member of the commission, who had revised the proof-sheets.] Mr. Jenkins, of Warren, moved to amend by striking out the 6th, 7th & 8th sections of the bill.

Mr. Wilson offered a substitute for the 6th and 7th sections, recognizing the marriage relation as existing between persons formerly slaves, who voluntarily cohabit as man and wife, at the time of the ratification of this act.

At the instance of Mr. Phillips, sections 6, 7 were informally passed over for the present, with a view to more deliberate modification hereafter.

Mr. McNair moved to strike out the eleventh section, which reads as follows:

SEC. 11. *Be it further enacted*, That persons of color shall be capable of bearing evidence against a white person in controversies at law and in Equity, where the rights of person or property of persons of color shall be put in issue, and would be concluded by the judgment or decree of court; and also in pleas of the State, where the violence, fraud or alleged injury, shall be charged to have been done by or to persons of color. In all other civil and criminal cases, such evidence shall be deemed inadmissable, unless by consent of the parties of record.

The motion to strike out prevailed, but the Chairman, recognizing the laxity of Parliamentary rule in Committee of Whole, permitted further discussion of the section, under a *quasi* reconsideration of the vote by which it was stricken out.

Mr. Phillips earnestly deprecated the striking out of the section. He said he had nothing to add to the arguments advanced in the report of the Commission. The exclusion of persons of color from the right of testifying in courts of justice would fill this land with violence. If not allowed access to the ordinary arena for the adjudication of right, the negro would become both judge and executioner. The right to be heard was all that was proposed to be given.—It was his impression, 'as a lawyer, that the rules excluding testimony should be narrowed down to the briefest, straitest limits. If this section was stricken out, he feared that the intelligence of outrage resulting from this refusal of sheer justice to the negro, would reach the ears of members of this Committee, and cause them to regret not having granted him so small a boon. Lying was not a vice peculiar to African slaves. Falsehood and theft were the universal characteristics of a state of slavery. He had not expected the House of Commons, in the face of the fact that its proceedings would be vigilantly scrutinized by those who are hostile to what we conceive to be our own rights and happiness, would have proposed to exclude the freedmen from the enjoyment of the rights and safeguards that are dearest to man. He had hoped that without any public deliberation, there would have been a silent and universal vote in favor of the section.

Mr. P. next adverted to the existence of the Freedmen's Bureau—a tribunal sitting to the intense disgust, harrassment and injury of private citizens. How, he asked, can we say, leave the freedmen to us—we'll do him justice—refusing in the same breath to allow him to tell his tale before a jury of white men and a white Judge? Could we, if there were no Freedmen's Bureau, go to our own prayers—denying his? He desired to see the Freedmen's Bureau removed, and those little county tribunals presided over by persons having no other than military experience extirpated. He was for any honorable means to rid the country of these military courts, whose Judges were practically irresponsible, and from whose decisions our people could not afford to appeal; but how can this be accomplished, while we refuse to allow the negro, no matter how he may have lived, to open his mouth in his own behalf before a company of white gentlemen, who would interpose for the protection of beasts of the field?

General Howard, were he the best man in the world, would find it impossible so to direct and control the complicated machinery of his Bureau, as to secure ordinarily the ends of equal justice. The real trampling out of the manhood of the people, is due to the subordinate officers who preside over the deliberations of petty military courts. We could not hope to be rid of these if we persisted in refusing justice to the freedmen.

In conclusion Mr. Phillips, adverted to the touching allusion made in the report of the Commission to the admirable conduct of slaves during the war—a war, popularly announced to them as being waged to secure their freedom, and added if it should turn out to be bad policy to adopt the provisions embodied in this section, a subsequent Legislature would doubtless recognize the failure and apply the remedy.

Messrs. McNair and Luke, urged the striking out of the section.

Mr. Caldwell, advocated its retention both as a matter of policy, and upon the higher ground of justice to the freedmen.

[The length of this report precludes the reporter from giving at present an extended notice of the remarks of Messrs. McNair, Luke and Caldwell.)

On motion of Mr. Hoke, the committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again at 12 o'clock to-morrow.

A message from His Excellency the Governor, suggesting an investigation as to the conflicting claims of the State and individuals, to certain rosin and other property, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The House then adourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

### Another Provisional Government for Virginia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondence states that one of the Virginia delegation to Congress has telegraphed to Richmond from Washington that it is the intention of President Johnson to supercede the present Virginia State Government by a Provisional one. The report had created consternation in financial and political circles. The President's reported determination is generally attributed to the conduct of the Legislature.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. J. BARNEY, WM. D. COCHRAN.

**WILLIAM J. BARNEY & CO.,**

Agents for Manufacturers of

**EARTHENWARE AND CHINA,**

*No. 40 Vesey Street,*

NEW YORK.

**JOHN D. PAYLOR,**

LATE of North Carolina, having associated himself with the above house, would be pleased to receive a call from all his old friends in N. C.

Feb 1, 147, 1w.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**STOLEN**

FROM the stable of the subscriber, five miles south of Raleigh, Tuesday night, 30th ult., after breaking the lock, a deep sorrel horse, medium size. Has a black spot on [I think] the right rump, booty legged, and is a natural pacer, and shod around. He was raised in Johnston county by a Mr. Parrish.

I will give $10 for the delivery of the horse to me, and $20 for the horse and thief.

THOS. G WHITAKER

Feb 1, 147, 3t.

**PAINTING.**

**H. T. CLAWSON,**

HOUSE, SIGN AND

**ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,**

AND

Imitator of every variety of

**Marble and Wood.**

Gilding on Glass and Wood, and Japan Tin Office Signs,

Executed to order, with neatness and dispatch.

THANKFUL to my friends for the very liberal patronage I have received, hope by unremitting exertion to merit a continuance of the same. Shop on third floor of North Carolina Book Store Building. Feb 1, 147, 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

**DAVIS & JONES,**

**GROCERS,**

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

**No. 26 Fayetteville Street,**

**RALEIGH, N. C.,**

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

**FAMILY GROCERIES,**

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Wilow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,

Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c.

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,
and
**COUNTRY PRODUCE.**

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention. **DAVIS & JONES.**

Feb 1, 147, 3m.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY.

NORTH CAROLINA

**AGRICULTURAL HOUSE**

AND

**HARDWARE STORE.**

**MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,**

22 *Pollock Street*, *Newbern, N. C.*

*Water Street*, *Wilmington,* "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of

Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,

AND OTHER

Hardware,
Agricultural Implements,
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c.; &c.

and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of

Machinery or Castings.

Agents for

R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

**LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS,**

**Crop of 1865,**

COMPRISING all the popular varieties, just received, and for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Jan. 30, 145, 2w.

**FOR SALE, or RENT,**

THE House and Farm, [consisting of some 300 or 400 acres,] owned by Mrs. Frank P. Haywood, about one mile east of the Capitol. Apply to

W. R. MILLER, Agent.

Raleigh Jan. 30, 145, 1w.

☞ Standard and Progress copy 1w.

**TWO ROOMS,**

AT

**MRS. M. J. FENTRESS**

A FEW more gentlemen can be accomodated with good boarding and lodging.

Any wishing board will please make application immediately No 15 Fayetteville Street.

Jan. 27-142-tm15.

**Day Board.**

THREE gentlemen, members of the Legislature, or others, can be accommodated with day board by calling upon Mrs. Hill.

Residence on Fayetteville Street, second house below Davie Street, nearly opposite Yarborough Hotel. Terms moderate. Jan. 30, 145, 3t, pd.

**Substitute for Peruvian Guano,**

AT LESS

**Than Half the Cost!**

**BAUGH'S RAW BONE**

**Super-Phosphate of Lime.**

**BAUGH & SONS,**

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

*Store No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,*

**PHILADELPHIA.**

THIS valuable Manure has been before the agricultural public, under one name for twelve years past, and its character for vigor of action and permanence in effect is well established. B fore the war, it was introduced, to some extent, in the Southern States, and was found to be highly adapted to

**Cotton, Tobacco, and all Crops.**

In its action, it is as quick as Peruvian Guano, while it does not leave the land in an exhausted state, but on the other hand permanently improves it. This has been fully proved by years of trial.

See pamphlet to be had of the Agent below.

BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Philadelphia.

For sale by J. M. TOWLES.
Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 29, 144, 1aw8m.

**WANTED.**

A SITUATION by a widow lady, competent to teach the English branches and French. A small salary sufficient, and a good home for myself and two little children.

Address MRS. E. T. McRAE,
Jan. 27, 142, 1w Suffolk Va.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present General Assembly, for the passage of a law to extend the limits of the Town of Swansboro', Onslow county, and other purposes.

Jan. 27, 142, 1w.

**Office Chatham R. R. Company,**
RALEIGH, Jan. 26, 1866.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Stockholders of the Chatham Rail Road Company is hereby called to meet at the office of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, in Raleigh, on Thursday, the 1st proxime, with a view to the reduction of the capital stock of the Company.

By order of Board of Directors,
W. W. VASS,
Jan. 27, 142, tlF. Secretary & Treasurer.

**Direct Importation.**

NOW landing per Ex. Brig Benj Carver from Cardenas,—

275 Hhds. bright new crop Cardenas Molasses.
64 Tierces " " "
37 Barrels " " "

Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled at lowest market rates.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Jan. 24, 140, 1w, & 2t, w.

**CENTER OF ATTRACTION.**

IT is a fact universally acknowledged that the New Style pictures made at

**Watson's Photograph Gallery,**

cannot be surpassed for artistic skill and beauty.

Ivorytypes, Cartes de Visete, Ambrotypes, plain and colored Photographs, life size, Portraits colored in Oil, are all made in the very best style.

Call and examine specimens of the art.

Raleigh, Ja. 29, 144, 3m.

**HART & LEWIS,**

**44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,**

AGENTS FOR

STEWART'S "Extension Top," "Queen of the South," and "Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.

J BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 22, 138, tf. 44 Fayetteville Street.

**WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.**

WARRENTON, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN ON Wednesday, January 24th, 1866.

Ample facilities afforded for a thorough education. For circulars, address E. E. PARHAM.

Jan 24, 139, 1m.

**GREAT SENSATION!!**

**The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!**

THE WORLD OF FASHION

AT

**FARRISS & LACK'S,**

SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

**Fine Merchant Tailoring**

is still carried on but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.

**An Entire Suit of Clothes**

*made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.*

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.

Jan 5-126—3m.

**SELLING AT COST!!**

**KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,**

AT THE OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,

*21 Fayetteville Street,*

**Raleigh, N. C.**

ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK at

**New York Cost.**

**Dress Goods and Calicoes**

AT COST!

**Hats, Boots and Shoes,**

**Groceries and Cigars,**

AT COST!

**Fine Old Brandy, Gin and Whiskey,**

In Bottles,

—ALSO—

**Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey,**

Per Gallon or Barrel.

Dealers and the public generally will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock.

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16 133-3m.

C. W. WESTBROOKS, G. W ALBRIGHT.

**WESTBROOK & ALBRIGHT,**

NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS IN

**Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape-Vines, Strawberries, and other small fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, &c.**

They would call special attention to a choice lot of Dwarf Pear, Apple and Cherry trees, and the advantage of planting them for early and abundant crops of excellent fruit.

Nursery-stock and office at present on corner of Davie and Sycamore Streets,

**Greensboro', N. C.**

List of prices sent to applicants

Jan. 25, 141, 2m.

**HENRY R. BRYAN,**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

**NEWBERNE, N. C.**

Dec. 29-118-3m.

# DAILY SENTINEL.

**Thursday, February 1, 1866.**


## CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—William J. Barney & Co., New York, are Agents for manufacturers of earthenware and china. It will be observed that a North Carolina gentleman is associated with the firm.

Thomas G. Whitaker advertises a valuable horse stolen.

Messrs. Davis, and Jones, announce a new Grocery, Auction and Commission store in this city. They have a large and splendid stock on hand.

H. T. Clawson, House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, offers his services to the public. Mr. Clawson does everything in his line in the most superior style.

NEWS.—We find the papers exceedingly barren of news. What we get from Washington City or New York, seems to be a rehash of what we had before.

GOLDSBORO.—At an election held on Monday last, Messrs. W. R. Privett, S. D. Phillips, Dr. W. H. Finlayson, J. N. Wood and T. T. Hollowell, were elected Commissioners of *that place*.

SALISBURY.—James H. Ennis, Intendent, and Messrs. Jno. Snider, W. H. Smith, Andrew Murphy, J. M. Coffin, Jas. E. Kerr, Dr. M. Whitehead, J. C. Turner and J. S. McCubbins, Commissioners, were elected on Monday last.

### Ladies Fair.

We are requested to state that the ladies connected with the Methodist congregation in this city, will hold a Fair in the office of the Secretary of State, in the Capitol, on to-night and to-morrow night. Refreshments will be served also. The object is a benevolent one.

### President Johnson's Views.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The President to-day stated to a distinguished Senator that the agitation of the negro franchise in the District of Columbia at this time was the mere entering wedge to the agitation of the question throughout the States. It was ill-timed, uncalled for, and calculated to do great harm. He believed it would engender enmity, contention and strife between the two races, and lead to a war between them which would result in great injury to both, and the certain extermination of the negro population. Precedence, he thought, should be given to more important and urgent matters, legislation upon which was essential for the restoration of the Union, the peace of the country and the prosperity of the people. The above may be implicitly relied upon.

MATERIAL FOR MANUFACTURING PAPER IN THE SOUTH.—A shipment was made North, from Wilmington, N. C., a few days ago, of a lot of green leaves of the caul, a plant well known as indigenous to the Southern States, for the purpose of manufacturing therefrom an article of paper. This is the first shipment of the kind that has ever come under our observation, and those making it will reap a plentiful reward.—The caul is not the only plant common to the South from which paper can be manufactured. There are many other vegetable productions abounding throughout the South equally serviceable for this purpose, not the least among which are the dead leaves of the pine. The fibres of this plant, we have been informed, can be readily turned into a substance from which the best qualities of writing as well as printing paper can be made.

THE END.—The Rev. Dr. Cumming, of London, is still preaching his favorite theme of the second advent, and in a recent discourse placed the time in the year 1867, at the autumnal equinox. An American gentleman who heard him, writes to one of our religious papers that he "cited a large number of authorities, which seemed to confirm his view." There is one "authority" which the preacher evidently forgot: "But of that day and that hour knoweth no man, no, not even the angels which are in heaven."—Mark xiii, 32.


### NOTICE.

I SHALL offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday, 27th of February next, the farm on which I now reside, situated partly in Nash, and partly in Edgecombe Counties, N. C. This farm contains nine hundred and seventy-five acres, of which one-third is in a high state of cultivation and well adapted to the growth of cotton, corn and oats. The other portion is well timbered and peculiarly valuable on account of the growing demand for lumber in the vicinity.

I will sell, at the same time, my stock of all kinds, including Horses, Mules, Cows and Calves, Sheep, Sows and Pigs, and all of good breeds.

—ALSO—

five hundred barrels of Corn, a large quantity of Fodder and Shucks, farming Utensils of all kinds, Wagons and Carts, a fine collection of Carpenters' Tools, and about twenty thousand pounds of Pork already killed and salted.

All this property will be sold under the hammer of Mr. J. J. Alston, well known as an accomplished auctioneer.

This property is peculiarly valuable, from the fact that it is within easy access of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road, being only three miles from one station and six from another. Location remarkably healthy.

Terms made known on day of sale

J. W. PARKER.

Jan. 30, 145, tds.

☞ New York *Times* copy six times and forward bill to this office.


### CARD.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In the published proceedings of the Legislature, it appears that the Senator from Cumberland and Harnett, Gen. A. D. McLean, caused the names of the subscribers to be stricken from the list of magistrates for Cumberland county—the list, with our names upon it, having passed the House of Commons without objection as to ourselves.

We have not sought appointment as magistrates—our recommendation was not of our solicitation, even, indeed, without our knowledge; and we are at some loss why we were singled out by the General as the only persons fit for proscription. We have both held commissions as magistrates since 1862-'63, have been commissioners of the town of Fayetteville since 1864, and as such are now in office by the will of the people of our town, as recently expressed. We do not know why the General opposes us, unless because he considered us "weak kneed Belshazzers" in the "latter days of the Confederacy,"—say about the time that certain persons *promised* to perform prodigies of valor in the event "one Mr. Sherman should swing around this way"—because we did not stump Cumberland and Harnett, and *promise* to "die in the last ditch, rather than have the Confederacy subjugated." No, there is no reason for the "taking off" bestowed upon us, except that we did not, as *some* others did, *say* fight, when we did not *mean* to do any of the fighting ourselves.

If these be the reasons why our names were stricken from the list of magistrates—if the Legislature shall determine that none but "last man and last dollar" individuals—none but "fight it out" [but never fight] men—none but those who *talked* war, and acted as the General did, are to be appointed Justices of the Peace, then we will not be entirely without consolation, even if the General's "great shot" should take effect.

A. G. THORNTON,
JAS. R. LEE.

Jan 31, 146, 2t

## GENERAL NEWS.

Ex-Brigadier Generals N. G. Evans, John K. Jackson, and Henry R. Jackson, C. S. A., are practicing law in Augusta Georgia.

The French Minister at Washington has asked the State Department for official information of the recent affairs on the Rio Grande.

A Southern planter left New York on Monday, taking with him sixty four white laborers to work on his cotton plantation in Mississippi.

Of fifty-four millions of land contained in the State of Mississippi, nearly twenty millions are unoccupied and open to settlers under the homestead law.

It is reported from Mexico that the State Department has received positive information that the French troops will be withdrawn from Mexico.

The ruins of the old arsenal at Fayetteville, North Carolina, was sold the other day. The brick, amounting to three million five hundred thousand, were purchased by the corporation, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per thousand. The rest of the property was bought by individual parties, most from abroad.

We learn from the Vicksburg *Herald* of the 14th, that General Wade Hampton and his son, Captain Wade Hampton, Jr., are stopping in that city.

National bank currency to the amount of $2,939,390 was issued by the Comptroller of the Currency last week. The amount of currency now afloat is $245,366,510.

William H. Trescott has arrived in Washington, from South Carolina, to confer with the Government upon matters relating to that State.

It is said that fifty Republican members of the House are in favor of the early admission of the Tennessee members.

Ex-Governor Parsons and General Houston, Senators elect from Alabama, has arrived in Washington.

The U. S. steamer DeSoto arrived at Havana on the 20th inst., with the Hon. Wm. H. Seward and family on board.

A Havana paper reports the arrival, on the 18th, from Vera Cruz of the French naval transport Amazon, with nine hundred passengers for France.

Reports have been received from various Southern post-office agents, stating that scarcely any one "fit to handle the mails" can be found in the South who can take the test oath.

Professor Newton has gone to Washington to submit a new system of weights and measures, and urge upon Congress its establishment throughout the United States.

The Governor of South Carolina has written to the President urging the transfer to their owners of lands now occupied by negroes.

Brigham Young proposes to purchase two of the Sandwich Islands and emigrate thither with his flock.

Cotton stealing at Savannah has been reduced to a science. The most expert thieves that were ever seen in that part of the country are engaged at it.

The Reconstruction Committee have subpœnaed Parson Brownlow to testify as to affairs in Tennessee in reference to reconstruction.

John W. Forney, editor of the Washington *Chronicle*, is an aspirant for a seat in the United States Senate, from Pennsylvania, in the place of Senator Cowan.

The Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church, near Alexandria, is again in session, having eleven students, under the charge of Professors Sparrow and Packard.

The passenger travel between Norfolk and Newbern, *via* Albemarle and Chespeake Canal, nal, we are pleased to say, has opened. The canal again offers speedy travel to passengers between these two points.

The Houston (Texas,) *Telegraph* says: It is amusing to notice the rivalry among the negroes to obtain employment from emigrants from the North, who are going to try their hand at the planting business in the coming season. They expect to have an easy time and to eat at the same table with their employers.

The last English census developes the curious fact that there are more Scotch descendants in London than in Edinburg; more Irish than in Dublin, more Roman Catholics than in Rome; and more Jews than in Palestine.

Six cholera cases, all ending in death, have been officially recorded at St. Petersburg. Hospitals have been prepared for the reception of the terrible guest, and rules of diet officially published in the papers.

DEATH OF THE HON. MR. RICAUD.—The Hon. James B. Ricaud, late Judge of the Tenth Judicial Circuit of Maryland, died at his residence near Chestertown, on the 23d ult., after protracted illness.

The committee on Freedmen intend to introduce a bill establishing universal suffrage throughout the United States.

CONGRESS TO REGULATE STATE FRANCHISE.—A dispatch from Washington states the reconstruction committee of fifteen have agreed to report in favor of a constitutional amendment allowing Congress to regulate the elective franchise within the States.

CASUALTY.—On Wednesday night, the 17th, three negroes, in attempting to cross the Yadkin River, at "Scales' Crossing," upset the canoe, it is supposed, and all three were drowned. Two of the bodies were recovered.—*Salem Press.*

A few weeks since, in Surry County, at an infair at John Ashburn's, a company of serenaders proceeded to the house, with ringing of bells (not unusual on such occasions) which annoyed Mr. Ashburn very much, and he went out and fired a gun in the direction of the crowd, killing one of the party, by the name of Jones.—*Salem Press.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The official returns show that $37,000,000 internal revenue have been collected in this city during the year 1865. This amount does not include the sums received from the sales of stamps—probably $10,000,000 more—nor the returns from the tax on bank and insurance stocks.

The New York correspondent of the London *Times* says Mr. Sumner and his followers are lending their energies to place Mr. Chase, in the Presidential chair at the next election, in which case Mr. Sumner will be appointed Minister to England.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—The steamer Reindeer, Captain Johnson, which cleared here on Thursday last for Fayetteville, met with quite a serious accident to her machinery on the trip, at a place called Sugar Loaf, not far from Elizabethtown, Bladen county, and about seventy-five miles from this place. Her boiler split, and she was unable to proceed. No one was hurt, and the steamer is now lying to at Sugar Loaf, waiting to be towed to Fayetteville for repairs.—*Wil. Herald.*

## TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

### From Havana.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

The steamer Moore Castle from Havana, with dates to the 29th, arrived at New York to-day. A royal decree had been received there, disapproving of the formation of a society for the suppression of the slave trade, and reprimanding the Captain General for discountenancing it.

A Chilian privateer was reported cruising in the Gulf.

Private advices from Vera Cruz say that the French express a desire for war with the United States, and say that the Bagdad affair was the work of the United States troops.

### Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

SENATE.—Engaged in discussing the bill protecting all persons in their civil rights.

HOUSE.—Mr. Stevens, from the Committee on reconstruction, reported back the bill on the Constitutional amendment, which was referred to them on yesterday, and recommended that the bill be amended by stricking out the direct taxation clause. He made a speech, in which he alluded to the President in caustic terms.—Said he had violated a privilege of the House, by making commands whilst it was engaged in the consideration of an important question. Such an act, centuries ago, would have cost a British King his head; but we are tolerant of usurpation and abuse of power. At the conclusion of his remarks, the vote was taken, and the Constitutional amendment was carried.

### Loss of the Steam Ship London.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.

The steamer New York arrived on the 18th from Southampton, and reported the loss of the Steam Ship London, *en route* for Milburn. She founded at sea; 270 lives lost.

The Cattle plague continues to rage.

Parliament meets on the 1st of February.

### New York Market.

January 31, 1866.

Cotton firm at 49½. Gold 40¾.

THE POSITION OF THE PRESIDENT.—The course of debate for the past three weeks in Congress has had a very good effect. There is a more general disposition among the members of the House—especially among those who have held aloof—to cultivate friendly relations with the President, and many have been to see him. He is desirous of such interviews, and he is perfectly free and frank in expressing his sentiments. He adheres tenaciously to his policy recognizing the Southern States as in the Union; that the existing State Governments are perfectly legitimate and valid, and that they are entitled to representation, but that none but perfectly loyal men should be admitted to seats in Congress. He also continues to be utterly opposed to the imposition of conditions of admission of the States, either by amendment of the Constitution or otherwise.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times.* [official.]

### DIED:

On the 14th ult., at the residence of Dr. Chas. Duffy, in New Berne, Miss Olive H. House, of Mississippi, after a long and painful illness, throughout which she exhibited the most christian fortitude and resignation.

### MARRIED:

On the 30th of January, by Rev. Patrick Dowd, Mr Parris Yates to Miss Roxanna Penny, third daughter of James Penny, all of this county.


PUTNASKI COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

**COWPER & MOORE,**

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

*Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,*

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

JUST received a few kegs of fine Virginia Mountain Butter. Also, for sale, several firkins of New York Goshen Butter. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

FINE Flour and Buckwheat, Onion Setts, early Garden Peas, (Marrowfat and Early Washington) and Onions. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

A SUPERIOR article of Yadkin County Rye Whiskey, Cheese, Molasses, Sugar, Georgia Wine, by the case or bottle, and Dr. Orton's Carminative Bitters and Plantation Bitters. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 123, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

A LOT of fine Northern Apples, Borax by the barrel at New York cost, Rod Iron, Hats and Caps, Crockery, and Liquorice by the case. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

COTTON Yarns, by the bale, Cotton Sheeting, a very fine horse, a second hand Buggy, Wagon Harness, wheel and lead Setts, Reins and Horse Covers, fine Saddles and Bridles. Also, Durham's Smoking Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR SALE.**

LAW and miscellaneous books, silver plated Ware, Cotton Card faces, fine Sweet Oil, by the case, at New York cost, Sole Leather, Buttons, Stoves, Sewing Machines, Washing Soap, very cheap, by the box, Wool, and a fine Gun—shoots five times, ball or shot. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**FOR RENT OR SALE.**

A VERY fine residence, in the city of Raleigh, to rent—fifteen acres of land attached. Also, two nice dwellings, situated on the principal street, for sale. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

**Old Nick Williams Whiskey.**

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders to COWPER & MOORE

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C. JOHN H. HYMAN, late of Scotland Neck, N. C.
F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.

**DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,**

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE

Sale of all kinds of Southern Produce,

—AND—

Agents for procuring and forwarding

**White Laborers to the South.**

*Office No. 80 Cedar Street, New York.*

Dr. John Arrington, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

All produce consigned to us will meet with prompt shipping attention by the following Agents:

| | |
|---|---|
| W. H. McRARY & CO., | Wilmington, N. C. |
| WHITFORD, DILL & CO., | Newberne, " |
| GEO. H. BROWN & CO., | Washington, " |
| RICKS, HILL & CO., | Norfolk, Va. |

Jan. 30, 145, tf

**HENRY M. GILES**

WITH

**GRIFFIN, BRO. & CO.,**

*GROCERS*

AND

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**

Importers and Dealers in

**Foreign and Domestic Liquors,**

Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

No. 105 WEST LOMBARD STREET,

and

No. 2 BALDERSTON STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

W. H. GRIFFIN, S. H. GRIFFIN, A. CAPEHART

Jan, 31, 146 1m.

**SALT! SALT!!**

150 SACKS of dry N. C. Salt in store on consignment. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

Jan. 31, 146, 1w.

**OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!**

I HAVE made arrangements by which I can supply customers with fresh,

Norfolk Oysters,

Every night after the arrival of the Weldon train, Price $2 per gallon At

Jan. 27-142-1w. T. T. FENTRESS.

**RALEIGH, 1866.**

**LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.**

THE old and well established

**Ætna Company, of Hartford,**

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000, or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8 819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527 805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155 244 33.

In Raleigh a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to-day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, | " |
| N. H. B. WILSON, | Greensboro. |
| C. W. DOWNING, | Charlotte. |
| JOHN C. SLOCUMB, | Goldsboro. |
| MITCHELL & ALLEN, | Newbern. |

Jan. 27, 142, 3m

**RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.**

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of North Carolina | 30 |
| " Cape Fear | 25 |
| " Charlotte | 20 |
| " Lexington | 20 |
| " Roxborough | 30 |
| " Wadesborough | 15 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Wilmington | 15 |
| " Commerce | 15 |
| " Washington | 8 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Clarendon | 8 |
| " Yanceyville | 10 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 25 |
| Farmers' Bank, Greensborough | 25 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 12½ |
| Merchants' Bank, Newbern | 25 |
| Greensborough Mutual | 10 |
| Virginia Bank Notes, about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 18 |
| Georgia " | 20 |
| Gold | 135 |
| Silver | 130 |
| Old Coupons | 50 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 90 |
| Old Sixes | 80 |
| Exchange on New York | ¼ |

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear | 28 |
| " Charlotte | 22 |
| " Commerce | 16 |
| " Clarendon | 10 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Lexington | 22 |
| " North Carolina Gold | 35 |
| " Roxboro | 30 |
| " Thomasville | 25 |
| " Wadesboro | 16 |
| " Wilmington | 16 |
| " Washington | 10 |
| " Yanceyville | 10 |
| Commercial Wilmington | 14 |
| Farmers' Greensboro | 25 |
| Greensboro Mutual | 10 |
| Merchants', Newbern | 30 |
| Miners' and Planters' | 25 |
| Virginia Bank notes, average | 20 |
| South Carolina " | 16 |
| Georgia " | 12½ |
| Gold | 135 |
| Silver | 130 |
| Old North Carolina Coupons | 50 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 90 |
| North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on | 82 |
| Exchange on New York | ¼ |

**Select Boarding and Day School.**

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK will re-open their school on Friday, 2nd of February, 1866.

Circulars forwarded on application.

Jan. 4, 124, 6w.

**Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,**

OF SUPERB QUALITY,

*Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia. Growth of 1865.*

at PESCUD'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties for sale wholesale and retail

☞ Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. F. F. PESCUD.

January 18, 1866—135 tf.

**NOTICE.**

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE ENsuing General Assembly, for an Act to incorporate the "*Carolina Joint Stock Insurance and Trust Company*" Jan 1, 130, 1m-pd

**GEO W. DILL,**

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMship Line, Morehead City.

an 1 1m

**A CARD.**

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Jan'y 10-128—3m.

**44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,**

RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of

Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns,
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

In fact, for anything in the

House-Keeping Line.

Call at

**44 Fayetteville Street,**

**J. BROWN,**

WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Jan 15, 132, tf.

PALMER'S 1865
PATENT. 10.000 IN USE.
1609 CHESTNUT ST.
PHILADELPHIA.
ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK. | 19 GREEN ST. BOSTON.
ADDRESS THE INVENTOR,
B. FRANK. PALMER, LL.D. PRES'T. A. A. LIMB, Co.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.

Dec. 5-10'-tf.

**A. A. WILLARD,**

*Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,*

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

**Groceries and General Merchandize,**

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 30 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Greensboro.
Rev. W. S. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James C ruer & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

**Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.**

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs. Dowley, Corners & Co., New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

**MERCHANDIZE**

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

**GROCERIES,**

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated

**FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,**

with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one-quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

**75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,**

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C.

January 26, 142, 6m.


### NOTICE.

The General Assembly having appointed the persons who are named below, Justices of the Peace for Wake County, they are notified to assemble at the Court House, in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday the 3rd day of February, 1866, for the purpose of being qualified and organizing the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said county.

J. P. H. RUSS,
*Prov. Sheriff.*

List of Justices of the Peace for Wake County, recently appointed by the General Assembly:

| | |
|---|---|
| W. W. Holden, | Thos. J. Davis, |
| J. P. H. Russ, | John P. Beck, |
| William H. Hood, | Jacob Sorrell, |
| Jordan Womble, Sr. | B. Y. Rogers, |
| M. B. Royster, | Willie Linn, |
| John R. Harrison, | W. J. Hollerman, |
| A. Kline, | J. Q. Williams, |
| C. M. Farriss, | J. Q. Adams, Jr. |
| W. H. Finch, | Sidney Scott, |
| G. H. Bagwell, | R. H. Slaughter, |
| W. H. Harrison, | Wm. Laws, |
| J. J. Nowell, | W. C. Mangum, |
| A. J. Underhill, | Capt. Lowry, |
| D. B. Griffin | John A. Powell, |
| B. T. Strickland, | Dudley Peed, |
| G. W. Scarborough, | Geo. Brogden, |
| Dr. W. Hartsfield, | Jo. D. Hays, |
| H. A. Hodge, | B. A. Perry, |
| Thos. Smith, | Dr. W. I. Busbee, |
| Willie D. Jones, | Mills H. Brown |
| Reuben Fleming, | Geo. H. Faribault, |
| R. B. Seawell, | Drury Partin, |
| Wm. Buffalo, | W. D. Crowder, |
| R. W. Wynne, | Jonathan Smith, |
| Fendal Bevers, | B. H. Jewell, |
| S. D. Hall, | Dr. Thos. L. Banks, |
| Sol. J. Allen, | Benj. Perkinson, |
| C. J. Rogers, | B. F. Walton, |
| W. J. Suit, | Jesse A. Norris, |
| Isaac Rowland, | C. S. Jinks, |
| D. H. Gardner, | A. R. Perry, |
| G. E. Fish, | Jarrett Broadwell, |
| Green H. Alford, | S. A. Hinton, |
| Allen Adams, | S. G. Dupree, |
| Williams Boothe, | C. B. Root, |
| J. L. Johnson, | Seaton Gales, |
| Jona H. Bart, | R. G. Dunn, |
| W. C. Barker, | P. P. Pace, |
| R. M. Brown, | P. McGowan, |
| J. H. Collins, | R. S. Perry, |
| Thos. J. Utley, | Dr. A. R. Young, |
| W. H. Pope, | John R. Dunn, |
| P. M. Mangum, | Solomon Wiggins, |
| G. W. Norwood, | Walter S. Tucker, |
| Joseph Yeargin, | James M. Jones, |
| Canady Low, | N. J. Whitaker, |
| W. D. Carlton, | J. H. Reagan, |
| Leonard House, | Nelson D. Pair, |
| W. S. Thompson, | F. G. Foster, |
| Eli Ferrell, | Jas T. Hunter, |
| Isaac H. Rogers, | Jas. P. Chandler, |
| Wm. R. Poole, | Roland Gooch, |
| R. H. Jones, | Rufus S. Tucker. |
| W. H. High, | |

Jan. 27-143-td.


**EDGEWORTH.**

THIS FEMALE SEMINARY HAS BEEN IN successful operation since 1840, until occupied in 1864 by the Confederate Government. It is now relieved, and is for lease or sale. Apply to me at Greensboro, N. C. J. M. MOREHEAD.

Jan 15, 132, w6w.

**DIRECT IMPORTATION!**

200 HHDS AND 200 TIERCES NEW CROP Molasses, momentarily expected per Brig *Benjamin Carver* from Cardenas—for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

Jan 120, 2w. Wilmington, N. C.

***Standard copy two weeks. 31


**NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.**

**Change of Time.**

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN. 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

**Going West.**

| | *Mail Train.* | *Freight Train.* |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Goldsboro, | 5.10 P M | 4.15 A M |
| " Raleigh, | 9 00 " | 9.00 " |
| " Hillsboro, | 11.48 " | 12.25 P M |
| " Greensboro, | 3.10 A M | 4.40 " |
| " Salisbury, | 7.00 " | 9.15 " |
| Arrive at Charlotte, | 9.50 " | 1.00 A M |

**Going East.**

| | *Mail Train.* | *Freight Train* |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Charlotte, | 3 00 P M | 4.30 A M |
| " Salisbury, | 6 05 " | 8 40 " |
| " Greensboro, | 10 00 " | 12 50 P M |
| " Hillsboro, | 1.20 A M | 5.00 " |
| " Raleigh, | 4 30 " | 8 45 " |
| Arrive at Goldsboro, | 7.45 " | 12.40 A M |

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A. & N. C. and W. & W. R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R., and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted. E. WILKES,

Engineer and Superintendent.

Jan 11, 129, 3m.


LOUISBURG

**FEMALE COLLEGE.**

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights, | $50 00 |
| Tuition in regular course including Latin, | 20 00 |
| EXTRA STUDIES. | |
| Music on Piano and Guitar, each, | 20 00 |
| French and Drawing, each, | 10 00 |
| Painting in Oil, | 20 00 |
| Needle Work. | 5 00 |

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Jan. 12-130-tf.

**EDWARD J. HALE, JR.,**

OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

with

**ROMME, DUNKLE, JOHNSTON & CO.,**

370 Broadway, New York,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Furs, Parasols, &c.**

Jan'y 6 126, 1mpd.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va.
F. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

**Commission Merchants,**

No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

*Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited*

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Dunnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 67-tf.

**THE FAYETTEVILLE HOTEL**

IS offered for rent. The property is so well known as one of the LARGEST HOTELS in the State, and promising so many advantages, it is deemed unnecessary to give particular description. Apply to HENRY LILLY, Pres't.

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan 25, 141, 3t

**DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO!**

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, that they still continue to manufacture the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco, and are prepared to sell by retail or wholesale. Orders solicited. R. F. MORRIS & SON.

Durham's, N. C., Jan 20, 137, 1m.

# DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

20,000 Bushels Corn,
5,000 " Wheat.
400 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco.
10,000 pounds Durham Smoking Tobacco.
A large lot Cooking Stoves, most approved patterns.
A valuable farm for sale in Hyde county.
One cotton plantation in Edgecombe county.
By WALKER PARKER & CO.,
*Wholesale Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants, Craven Street, Newbern, N. C.*
Jan 20, 137, 1m.

## OUR DAY.

ABOUT the 1st of February next, we will commence the publication of a Literary Eclectic Paper entitled

## OUR DAY,

to be issued, once a week, simultaneously in the cities of New York and Norfolk.

Each number will consist of 16 octavo pages, with 3 columns to each page, printed on excellent paper, and in a superior style of typography.

Unencumbered by sectarianism or party shrift, it shall be our fixed purpose to present nothing but the choicest fruits and flowers of literature, culled from the gardens of the Old and New World.

We would particularly invite the attention of our friends in that section which for the past four years has been without a current Literature, while we promise to make our Paper acceptable to every reader in our common country.

Our terms for a single subscription will be:

| | |
|---|---|
| For three months | $1 25 |
| For six months | 2 25 |
| For one year | 4 00 |

Payable in advance.

For single subscriptions and advertising, apply to
ROBERT W LAMB,
No 5 West Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

We have made arrangements with the American News Company, New York, to supply the trade.

Jan. 28, 134, 6t.

## A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother Mrs Willie P Mangum, on the 15th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M P MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.

Nov. 18 87-3m

## Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Lenoir's Station on the Western Extension R. R.

TERMS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Board for twenty weeks | $ 60 00 |
| Tuition in English branches, | 20 00 |
| Music and use of Piano, | 22 50 |
| Drawing | 8 00 |
| Painting in Oil, | 20 00 |
| Latin, Greek, French and German, each, | 5 00 |
| PRIMARY DEPARTMENT. | |
| Tuition in first class, | 12 50 |
| Tuition in second class, | 15 00 |

Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College, 2 00

For circular, address as at top of Prospectus,
REV. J R GRIFFITH,
Averasboro, N. C.

PS All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14-108 3mos

## North Carolina Map for 1866.

THE undersigned has for ten years collected experience, prepared *his own and beautiful map* from new engravings, with all the new Cities, Rail Roads, Post Offices with hundreds of additions and corrections, State Sheriff's view, taken of President Johnson Andrew Jackson, J K Polk, Governor Swain Graham, Vance &c., altogether presenting a superb Map, worthy of the State and a place in every household, vastly superior to any thing in this line in finish and beauty.

This Map is entirely from new engravings, and is a great improvement on Cook's & Pearce's old Map

Beware of Northern humbugs and impositions.

The Map is now ready for printing.

Agents wanted in all parts of the State.

Editors who will copy and notice this advertisement, will be entitled to a proof copy of the Map, by sending paper to me.

Price of the Map, 5 feet by 4, handsomely painted and printed in the best style at the low price of $5 per copy.

SAMUEL PEARCE,
Hillsboro, N. C.

Jan. 23-133-1m.

## DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAD SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh, November 2, 1865 73 3m pd.

CHARLES J. BAKER. WM. BAKER. CHARLES E. BAKER.

# Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for

BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS.

**Druggists Glassware, Vials Bottles, Jars, &c.**

BI CARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals

**Paints, Oils, Glue,**

Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.

No. 31 AND 34 S. CHARLES ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Nov. 20-88 3m.

## Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11 81 tf.

## COOKE'S HOTEL

Is open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, give a Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good to eat, good eating, mineral water to drink*, and a pipe to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE

September 1 1865 99 tf

## JOB PRINTING,

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXecuted with despatch.

Our arrangements are such that any of our friends desiring Job Printing can be promptly accommodated. Jan 17, 131, tf.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. B. M'FEETT. J. HS M'LAURIN

## MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 South Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Jan. 27, 135, 6m.

## CIRCULAR.

To the Public:

The undersigned has now ready for the press a volume, the result of the lucubrations of many years, entitled a "Short Treatise on Chronology in General, and especially on Classical Chronology." The work is not intended to be a chronological chart nor yet a collection of dates and synchronistic tables. The author's aim has been to prepare a "Horn Book" of Chronology, containing the leading principles, laws and facts of that science.

The FIRST part treats of measuring time and adjusting its various divisions; the SECOND of fixing Dates of historical events and arranging them in order; and the THIRD, of miscellaneous matters important to the chronologist.

UNDER THE FIRST DIVISION are discussed the day, the week, the month, the year and certain cycles used in computing the civil calendar and preparing the Almanac; the origin, history, nature, character, and various sub-divisions of each, especially among the ancients.

UNDER THE SECOND DIVISION the methods of ascertaining the dates or the time when they occurred, the actual dates of some important eras whose epochs are disputed; the most important epochs and eras which have been employed at different times and by different nations, including those which are still in use; and the actual dates of the most prominent events in classical chronology.

UNDER THE THIRD AND LAST DIVISION are considered the epochs and eras of less importance; a sketch of the chronology of India and of China; the principles of the art of mnemotechny as applied to dates, and the different systems of that art which have been propounded.

The author believes that a work successfully executed upon this plan, though it may not contain very much that is new, cannot but be useful and profitable, not only to the reading public, but also to the youth of our country, in the acquisition of a classical and historical learning; and hence will be THE STUDY of this age; it must always be the study of thoughtful men in times of revolution and great political changes, such as our country is at present undergoing.

The contributions of North Carolina, and of the Southern States of the Union generally, to American literature, have heretofore been few, and for the most part, worthless. A few works of fiction and some fugitive poems include our past efforts; and, with the excellent Latin Grammar and the edition of Cæsar's Commentaries, prepared for the press by Col. Bingham—works the very best of their character which have ever fallen under our observation, and which, under more favorable circumstances, will yet win for their author that high reputation in his profession which his merits—outcontributions to USEFUL LITERATURE are of the very humblest character. Under such circumstances this book is, with some confidence, presented for public patronage.

The author proposes to publish by subscription. The cost of publication will be fifteen hundred dollars or more. The book contains about two hundred and fifty 12 mo. pages. It will be brought out in the neatest style of one of our best American publishers, as to type, paper and binding. The cost of single copies delivered will be $3.50.

Persons desiring to subscribe can communicate with the undersigned at Raleigh, but subscription lists will be opened at various places of business in Raleigh and other towns in the State. Subscriptions will be required in cash as essential to the success of the enterprise. Editors who will give this Circular a few insertions and forward a copy of their papers containing it to the author, will be furnished with a copy of the book.

The volume will be placed in the hands of the publisher as soon as the author's success is at an end and will be issued to subscribers a few weeks thereafter.

E. GRAHAM HAYWOOD.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 18 1865.

## House and Lot for Rent.

FOR the remainder of the year, the dwelling house in which I formerly resided, with one acre of ground attached, about one mile west of the Cap-ol. Five good rooms in the house and out-buildings appendant. Apply to

R H BATTLE Jr.

Raleigh, Jan. 23, 139, 1w.

## Cotton Seed for Sale.

AS Executor of John Neal, deceased, I have 15 bushels of "Cotton Seed for sale. They are "Early Prolific," and were produced from seed that were purchased at $3 per bushel just before the war. Warranted sound. Apply to

JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
Louisburg, N. C.

Jan 24, 140, 1w, pd.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

AT THE NOVEMBER TERM, 1865, OF THE County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Washington County, the undersigned qualified as Administrator, with the will annexed, on the estate of Jonathan J Lindsey deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate are notified to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All indebted to the estate are notified to make payment immediately.

CHARLES LATHAM,
Admr. with the will annexed.

Jan 12, 130, law6ws.

## BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

## KELLOGG & BRENIZER,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENTS,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 8, 124 3m

## THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,
No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

*Stocks, Bonds, &c.*, of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

*Make Collections*, with prompt returns, on all accessible points North, South and West.

*Draw Gold or Currency Drafts*, of any amount [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

*Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency*, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$50,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100,000 Seven Thirties, [different series]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues]
$50,000 One Year Certificates Nov 16 85-tf

## JAS. M. EDNEY,

Commission Merchant,
NO. 476½ BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
*Office of the Great American Pump,*

A NEW AND WELL TRIED INVENTION, warranted to raise water from greater depths; to throw it further by hose; to force it to greater distances by hand than any other pump. The best insurance agst. fire.

JOHN POWERS, Manufacturer.
442 East 10th Street.

The American Wind Mill, Garden Wagons, Brick Elevators, Hydropults, Hose, Rubber and Leather Belting, Brass Hose Pipes, Couplings, Bibbs, Pianos Melodeons, &c, always on hand. dec 23, 115, tf.

## J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING

## MERCHANT,

Old County Wharf,
Foot of Craven Street,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

October 30-69-3mos.

## NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF Olin College at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, I give notice, that the school will be opened at the usual time in January, 1866. An advertisement, stating full particulars, will shortly appear. Address me at Olin Iredell County, N C.

JAMES SOUTHGATE, President.

Dec 23-116-tf.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.

## Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

Nov. 11 81 6m.

## CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

*Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.*

CALL AT PH. THEIM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$ 6,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery &c.

*FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.*

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THEIM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale. PH. THEIM

December 14-108-tf.

J. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

## WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C. &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

*TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.*

Sep 6 1865 26-tf

## TO OUR FRIENDS.

WE STILL CONTINUE TO SELL BOOKS AND Stationery, and all other goods in our line We cannot sell at cost. If we do so, we shall soon be unable to buy other Goods. We have been trading in our line for several years. Our friends have always patronized us largely, for which we are thankful. We have always tried to make a *living profit* on our Goods, and at the same time to give general satisfaction to our customers. We intend still to follow the same rule, which we think fair and honorable. Such books as we do not have on hand we will order for our friends.

Among our late arrivals we have Methodist Hymn Books, Episcopal Prayer Books, Illustrated Children's Books in great variety, Photographs of Southern Generals, and Photograph Albums

We have also a great variety of Common and Fine Bibles and Testaments. Also a large variety of Sheet Music.

We try to keep all School Books wanted by Teachers, to whom we sell at a liberal discount.

Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

We are prepared to do the best BOOK BINDING in the neatest style at short notice.

We want to trade with our friends for years to come, hence we will sell as cheap as we can under the circumstances

BRANSON & FARRAR,
No. 4 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Raleigh, Jan 4 1 3, 1m.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

## WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
*BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.*
General Vessel Agents.

November 29 98 1y

## Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it unnecessary for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed. Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up stairs,) Wilmington, N. C
Dec. 4-10 -3m.

## WANTED.

INFORMATION—WILLIE REESE (A SOLDIER) left Richmond for his home in Alabama on the 7th of last March in bad health. Any information in regard to him will be thankfully received by his distressed parents.

W. P. REESE,
Selma, Alabama.

Jan. 1-130-1m.

# NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines,
Paints

*Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,*

AT

## Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE.

and will be sold at reduced rates for cash, or exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPITTOONS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odontilane*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fine Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricophorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums and Rhicome Pomades at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis Pain Killer, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Dr. Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFE'S Schiedam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Hemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of Paints, dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAllister's Ointment and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Darkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Raleigh, Oct 26-89 tf

## NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C, who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.
sep 5, 1865 24 tf

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm heretofore known as that of Baker, Cowper & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The duties devolving on one of the partners as Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear, and their removal of the other to Norfolk (his residence before the war) for the purpose of practicing law, have caused this dissolution. The business will be continued by Mr Pulaski Cowper and Mr James A Moore, late Teller of the Bank of Cape Fear, under the name and style of Cowper & Moore, who will settle up the business of Baker, Cowper & Co.

WM J. BAKER,
PULASKI COWPER,
WM. H. JONES.

Jan. 28, 139, tf.

LORILLARD

## FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF

## NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $2,513,000.

*C. NORWOOD, Pres't, JNO. C. MILLS, Sec'y.*

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel

November 22-90 tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,

## Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23 91-6m-pd.

## To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels Canary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro October 6-85-tf.

## Fire Insurance

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the towns and business neighborhoods of this State to whom applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro Nov. 11 82-tf.

THE

## Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

## Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 80—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF

## NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C P. Mendenhall.
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden.
W B Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 86-1y

## RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

## Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Louisiana.

CAPITAL, - - - $565 000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville Johnson and Orange. L W. PECK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov 8 91 tf

## Desirable Farm for Sale.

THE PLANTATION SITUATED ABOUT TWO and a half miles from the village of Magnolia on the Wilmington and Weldon R. R, between that place and Kenansville, and known as "Barbeen," is offered for sale. The tract contains 360 acres, 100 of which are cleared and have been under cultivation, producing excellent corn, Wheat, potatoes, &c A portion of the land is as well adapted to the culture of cotton. An inexhaustible bed of Marl, a large spring of as good water as can be found in the State, and a never failing stream, running through the center of the cleared land, are among the attractions of the place.

The timbered portion of the land being nearest the Rail Road and the entire place being easy of access to a first rate market, make it a highly desirable location for growing produce, raising stock and selling timber. Any one having the cash, can procure a bargain by applying immediately to

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Jan 3 121-3-1m

## RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS.!!

WE WILL BUY COTTON RAGS CLEANED, AT the highest cash price. Enquire at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

Raleigh, January 3, -tf

## Paper for Sale—Rags Wanted.

THE FOREST MANUFACTURING COMPANY are making a superior quality of Book and News Paper.

—ALSO—

Envelope and Wrapping Paper, which they offer at low prices

They wish to purchase large quantities of clean

Cotton and Linen Rags,

for which they will pay the highest cash price. Address FOREST MANUFACTURING CO.,

Jan 3-d 122 9t. Fore-ville, N. C.

## JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERN, N. C.

80-3m-pd.

# Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C, November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule.

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Raleigh, | 4 30 A. M. |
| Arrive Gaston, | 10 30 " |

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Gaston, | 2 15 P. M. |
| Arrive Raleigh, | 8 15 " |

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points

ALBERT JOHNSON,
76-tf. Superintendent.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N C.
WITH

## Hood, Bonbright & Co

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9 79 6m.

## J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

## MERCHANTS,

AND

Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.

Peabody Fire Insurance Company Baltimore.

Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.

Wilmington, N C, Sep. 16 3-3m pd.

JAS F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H CRAWFORD.

## PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md

WE TRANSACT THE

GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE MERCANTILE COLLECTION,

AND

STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,

in all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms

Deposits received and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement

Nov 16 85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

## HENSHAW & THORBURN

COMMISSION & SHIPPING
MERCHANTS,
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms.

## BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANnounce to the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS,

in all its branches.

Each member of the firm is a practical printer, and, with an experience of twenty years each, they confidently appeal to the people of their native State for a liberal share of patronage.

They have one of the

Largest Printing Establishments

in the state and execute their own work, which, for neatness and cheapness cannot be excelled in the South

The senior member of the firm has been for a number of years superintendent of the Printing Office of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind which has always sustained a high reputation for neat and tasty printing.

They are prepared to execute, at short notice,

Visiting,
Invitation and
Business Cards!
All kinds of
Railroad,
Corporation,
School and
Court Blanks,
Bill and Letter Heads,
Bank Checks,
Circulars,
Handbills,
Posters, &c., &c

Particular attention paid to work in

COLORS AND BRONZE.

☞ Office in the rear of Williams & Haywood's Drug Store. Entrance on Hargett street

JOHN NICHOLS,
JOHN C. GORMAN,
JOHN B. NEATHERY.

Raleigh, Jan 17th, '66-131 1m

## Exchange Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN RE-OPENed this day under the management of Reuben Wallace, Esq., late of Kinston, a gentleman well known for his tact and good management. It will be thoroughly furnished and fitted up for the accommodation of the public. The former patrons of the house and all who favor us with a call are assured that every thing will be done to render them comfortable.

W. H. CUNNINGGIM, Proprietor.

Raleigh, January 3-121-1m.

*** The Wilmington Dispatch Goldsboro News, Newbern Times, Greensboro Patriot, Salisbury Gazette Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index will please insert 6 times and send bills to the proprietor.

## NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind wish to secure the services of a gentleman to act as VICE PRINCIPAL of the Institution, and in connection with that office to discharge the duties of the Steward. He must reside in the Institution and be competent to take charge of the books and accounts of the Institution.

Applications must be made in writing to the Principal before the first of February to be laid before the Board or Directors. Address

W J PALMER, Principal,
Jan 9 127 2w. Raleigh, N C.

## NOTICE.

I OFFER FOR SALE PRIVATELY NEAR THIS place, 2 0 barrels of corn, 5000 pounds pork, horses, mules, oxen, &c

I also offer on the Roanoke river near Jamesville, my farm containing 300 acres of land.

GEO M BURRAS.

Tarboro, N. C., Jan 2, 1866, 121, 1m.